







Contents

1	Introducing the PPM-350C PON Power Meter	1
	Main Features	
	Power Sources	3
	Typical Applications	4
	Conventions	5
2	Safety Information	6
	Laser Safety Information (Models with VFL)	6
	Electrical Safety Information	6
	Ultra-High-Power [™] Safety Information	7
3	Getting Started with Your PON Power Meter	8
	Turning the Unit On and Off	8
	Activating Automatic Shutdown (Auto-Off)	10
	Installing the EXFO Universal Interface (EUI)	10
	Cleaning and Connecting Optical Fibers	11
	Nulling Electrical Offsets	12
4	Configuring Thresholds, Correction Factors, Way	velength List,
	and Storage Details	
5	Working in FTTx Mode	
	Selecting a Threshold Set	14
	Testing in Pass/Fail Mode or in Normal Mode	
6	Working in OPM Mode	<u>18</u>
7	Managing Test Results	
-	Storing Data	
	Recalling Data	
	Deleting Data	
	Transferring Data to a Computer	22
8	Identifying Fiber Faults Visually	
0	Maintenance	24
2	Cleaning FUI Connectors	
	Replacing Disposable Alkaline Batteries	
	Recalibrating the Unit	
	Verifying the Integrity of User Information in Memory	
	Verifying the LEDs and LCD	
10) Troubleshooting	
_	Solving Common Problems	
	Error Codes and Descriptions	
Α	Technical Specifications	

1 Introducing the PPM-350C PON Power Meter

The PPM-350C PON Power Meter was designed for two main purposes:

Suit FTIP testing needs and to be easy to use for people who are not necessarily familiar with fiber optics in FTIX.

Be used as a standard optical power meter (OPM operation mode).

Main Features

FTTx Operation Mode

Supports:

Port 1: 1310 nm (ONT)

Port 2: 1490 nm (OLT)/1550 nm (video)

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Pass-through}}\xspace$ device (spy mode): does not block communication between ONT and OLT.

Allows triple-play testing (voice, video and data).

Measures each signal independently: Optical Network Terminal (ONT) 1310 nm; central office (CO) - 1490 nm and 1550 nm.

Measures optical power of any type of signal:

Continuous (for example, TV signal at 1550nm)

Framed (for example, ATM, Ethernet at 1490 nm or 1310 nm)

All baud rates (for example, 155 Mbps, 1 Gbps; synchronous or asynchronous)

Measures all signals simultaneously.

Features visual Pass/Fail indicators (one indicator per wavelength; all signal statuses are displayed simultaneously).

Displays all power levels simultaneously.

Contains up to 10 different threshold sets (you can configure thresholds on a computer and transfer them to your PPM-350C with a USB cable).

Optical Power Meter (OPM) Operation Mode

 $3\,calibrated$ wavelengths and up to $40\,predefined$ wavelengths (from $1260\,nm$ to $1650\,nm$), each with their own correction factor.

Possible to take reference values for each of the available wavelengths.

Selectable unit (dB or dBm).

Other Useful Features

Automatically shuts down after 10 minutes of idle time (auto-off).

You can manage data directly on the unit (storing, recalling, deleting).

The Handheld Data Transfer (provided on your CD) enables you to create new threshold sets and correction factors, define your list of favorite wavelengths, as well as set storage and job options for better data management, or modify values retrieved from your unit.

You can transfer the data (measurements) directly from your unit to a computer using the USB port. This will allow you to view them with FastReporter, the EXFO's post-processing software.





Power Sources

The PON Power Meter operates with the following power sources:

AC adapter (connected to standard power outlet-indoor use only)

AA alkaline batteries (automatically take over if you unplug the AC adapter) The icon also indicates the battery charge.



Ê

Typical Applications

You can use your PON Power Meter in two modes:

FTTx mode: You can use your PPM-350C PON Power Meter during service activation (at ONT) or to troubleshoot passive optical networks (at ONT, drop terminal, fiber distribution hub or CO). This mode allows you to measure two or three wavelengths simultaneously, depending on the configuration of the unit.



OPM mode: You can use your PPM-350C PON Power Meter to measure the output power (in dBm) or loss (in dB) using one of the unit's 40 CWDM wavelengths available. This mode allows you to measure networks or devices carrying only one wavelength.

Conventions

Before using the product described in this guide, you should understand the following conventions:



WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in *death or serious injury*. Do not proceed unless you understand and meet the required conditions.



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in *minor or moderate injury*. Do not proceed unless you understand and meet the required conditions.



CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in *component damage*. Do not proceed unless you understand and meet the required conditions.



IMPORTANT

Refers to information about this product you should not overlook.

2 Safety Information



WARNING

The use of controls, adjustments and procedures other than those specified herein may result in exposure to hazardous situations or impair the protection provided by this unit.



WARNING

Do not install or terminate fibers while a laser source is active. Never look directly into a live fiber and ensure that your eyes are protected at all times.



IMPORTANT

When you see the following symbol on your unit <u>/!</u>, make sure that you refer to the instructions provided in your user documentation. Ensure that you understand and meet the required conditions before using your product.

Laser Safety Information (Models with VFL)

Your instrument is a Class 3R laser product in compliance with standards IEC 60825-1 and 21 CFR 1040.10. It is potentially harmful in direct intrabeam viewing.

The following label(s) indicate that the product contains a Class 3R source:



The label is affixed at the back of your unit if the VFLoption is present.

Electrical Safety Information



WARNING

Use the AC adapter provided with this product indoors only.



Ultra-High-Power™ Safety Information



WARNING

When using high-power live fiber, use protective eyewear and clothes to avoid contact with light or heat emanating from the detector port. Refer to safety measures valid in your country for more information.

Toavoid personal injury or damage to your unit, connect high-power live fiber to the detector port only.



CAUTION

Do not use plastic FOAs when manipulating high-power live fiber. This will cause the plastic FOAs to melt.



WARNING

If a laser with a power of more than 25 dBm is connected to one of the ports of the PPM-350C, light may come out from the other port, even if the protective cap is on. Do not consider that the protective cap is sufficient protection in such high-power laser cases.

Equipment Ratings		
Temperature		
Operation	-10 °C to 50 °C (14 °F to 122 °F)	
Storage	-40 °C to 70 °C (-40 °F to 158 °F)	
Relative humidity	0 % to 95 % non-condensing	
Maximum operation altitude	2000 m (6562 ft)	
Pollution degree	2 (unit used inside; connected to AC mains or powered by batteries) ^a	
	$3(\text{unit used outside; powered by batteries})^{\text{b}}$	
Overvoltage category	Ш	
Power supply rating	6 - 24 V; 150 mA	

a. Use the external power supply indoors only.

b. Equipment should be normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitations and full wind pressure.

3 Getting Started with Your PON Power Meter

Turning the Unit On and Off

When you turn the PON Power Meter off, it saves the current settings, which include:

for the FTTx operation: the mode (Pass/Fail or Normal) and threshold set.

for the OPM operation: the unit, reference values, and wavelength.



Note: Offset nulling values are always returned to factory settings.

Toturn the unit on:

Press 0. The unit displays **EXFO** for a few seconds and vertical bars move at the top of the display, indicating the initialization is in progress. You may use your unit immediately under normal conditions. The unit uses the settings as they were saved last time you turned it off.

Toturn the unit off:

Hold down () a few seconds. The unit saves the current settings automatically.

Display



Keypad



Activating Automatic Shutdown (Auto-Off)

When auto-off is activated, the unit will turn itself off after $\frac{1}{1310}$ mm ONT

Auto-off is activated by default when you turn unit on.

To deactivate/reactivate auto-off:

```
Press
```

Installing the EXFO Universal Interface (EUI)

The EUIfixed baseplate is available for connectors with angled (APC) or non-angled (UPC) polishing. Agreen border around the baseplate indicates that it is for APC-type connectors.

Green border indicates APC_____ option



Bare metal (or blue border) indicates UPC option

1490 nm

1550 nm VIDEO



To install an EUI connector adapter onto the EUI baseplate:

1. Hold the EUIconnector adapter so the dust cap opens downwards.



- 2. Close the dust cap in order to hold the connector adapter more firmly.
- 3. Insert the connector adapter into the baseplate.
- 4. While pushing firmly, turn the connector adapter clockwise on the baseplate to lock it in place.

dBm

dBm

dBm

Cleaning and Connecting Optical Fibers



IMPORTANT

Toensure maximum power and to avoid erroneous readings:

Always clean fiber ends as explained below before inserting them into the port. EXFO is not responsible for damage or errors caused by bad fiber cleaning or handling.

Ensure that your patchcord has appropriate connectors. Joining mismatched connectors will damage the ferrules.

To connect the fiber-optic cable to the port:

- 1. Inspect the fiber using a fiber inspection microscope. If the fiber is clean, proceed to connecting it to the port. If the fiber is dirty, clean it as explained below.
- 2. Clean the fiber ends as follows:

2a. Gently wipe the fiber end with a lint-free swab dipped in isopropyl alcohol.

2b. Use compressed air to dry completely.

2c. Visually inspect the fiber end to ensure its cleanliness.

3. Carefully align the connector and port to prevent the fiber end from touching the outside of the port or rubbing against other surfaces.

If your connector features a key, ensure that it is fully fitted into the port's corresponding notch.

4. Push the connector in so that the fiber-optic cable is firmly in place, thus ensuring adequate contact.

If your connector features a screwsleeve, tighten the connector enough to firmly maintain the fiber in place. Do not overtighten, as this will damage the fiber and the port.

Note: If your fiber-optic cable is not properly aligned and/or connected, you will notice heavy loss and reflection.

EXFO uses good quality connectors in compliance with EIA-455-21A standards.

To keep connectors clean and in good condition, EXFO strongly recommends inspecting them with a fiber inspection probe before connecting them. Failure to do so will result in permanent damage to the connectors and degradation in measurements.

Nulling Electrical Offsets

Temperature and humidity variations affect the performance of electronic circuits and optical detectors. Nulling the electrical offsets eliminates these effects. *Your unit has been designed not to require offset nulling under normal operation*, but you should perform it whenever environmental conditions change significantly or when measuring very low power values.



Note: Keypad is disabled during the operation.

The unit will then return to your previous mode (Pass/Fail or Normal).

Auto-off

4 Configuring Thresholds, Correction Factors, Wavelength List, and Storage Details

Your PPM-350C PON Power Meter has been configured by EXFO with predefined information:

Threshold sets that you use in FTTx mode. Up to 10 sets are available.

A threshold set consists of the number of wavelengths (2 or 3) depending on your unit. For each wavelength, you can select the pass, warning and fail criteria.

Correction factors for the FTTx mode and OPM mode. These are set to 0 dB since they were properly calibrated at EXFO.

Correction factors are *added* to the measured values. For this reason, once the correction factors are applied, your PON Power Meter may display "HI" or "LO", indicating the power levels are no longer within the unit's power limits.

If you need to define correction factors of more than 1 dB or less than -1 dB to compensate for inaccuracies, it may be a good idea to send your PON Power Meter for recalibration (see <u>Recalibrating the Unit on page 27</u>). This will ensure the results remain accurate.

A wavelength list consisting of 1310 nm, 1490 nm and 1550 nm for OPM operations. This list may contain up to 40 wavelengths (from 1260 nm to 1650 nm)

Predefined storage information used in FTTx and OPM operations such as OLT names, ONT names and LOC ID names.

You may customize these parameters using the Handheld Data Transfer (HHDT) software provided on your CD.

The Handheld Data Transfer enables you to create new threshold sets and correction factors, define your list of favorite wavelengths, as well as set storage and job options for better data management, or modify values retrieved from your PON Power Meter. You can configure your PPM-350C with up to 32 OLTs, 255 ONTs, 16 LOCs and 32 JOBs. For more information, refer to the Handheld Data Transfer online help.



IMPORTANT

Thresholds, correction factors, wavelength list, as well as storage and job options will be transferred to your unit. Previous values will be lost.

5 Working in FTTx Mode

You can use this mode during service activation (at ONT) or to troubleshoot passive optical networks (at ONT, drop terminal, fiber distribution hub or CO). You can measure two or three wavelengths simultaneously, depending on the configuration of the unit.

Selecting a Threshold Set

You can select which threshold set will be used to determine the Pass/Warning/Fail status. Your unit contains up to 10 threshold sets, but only one set can be selected at a time.

Depending on the model of the unit, a threshold set comprises two or three wavelengths (1310 and 1490 nm; 1310, 1490, and 1550 nm), each of them having specific threshold values for pass, warning and fail.

Note: Thresholds are used in Pass/Fail mode only.

You can view thresholds directly on your unit. To modify threshold values, you must use the Handheld Data Transfer (refer to the Handheld Data Transfer online help).

To select <u>a thresh</u>old set:

- Press reshold/ che unit enters the threshold selection mode and displays the current threshold set. If the threshold name has more than 4 characters, it will scroll automatically.
- 2. Press Threshold/ or Next to switch between available threshold sets.

Current threshold set indicators



Threshold set name

- 3. If desired, display the Pass/Warning/Fail values of the threshold set as follows:
 - **3a.** Holddown Threshold/ for a few seconds. The unit displays threshold values of the first wavelength that has not been deactivated.
 - **3b.** Press $\frac{\text{Threshold}}{\lambda}$ or Next to switch to the next wavelength.



Note: If a wavelength has been deactivated via the Handheld Data Transfer (refer to the Handheld Data Transfer online help), the unit displays no threshold values.



- **3c.** Press 🕐 to return to threshold selection mode.
- 4. Press Select to make the displayed threshold set the current one.

The unit returns to Pass/Fail mode.

Press O to exit without selecting a new threshold set. The unit returns to your previous mode.

Testing in Pass/Fail Mode or in Normal Mode

Pass/Fail mode: status is indicated directly (screen and LEDs). Status is determined according to the current threshold set (see <u>Selecting a Threshold</u> <u>Set on page 14</u>).

Normal mode: only the power levels are shown and LEDs are off.



Note: If the result is greater than the Pass threshold, the word **Fail** and the LED will flash. If the result is lower than the Fail threshold, the unit will only display **Fail** and the LED will not flash.

At startup, the unit is in the same mode that was used during last test session.

To test in Pass/Fail or Normal mode:

- 1. Inspect your fibers and clean them properly if needed (see *Cleaning and Connecting Optical Fibers* on page 11 for details).
- 2. Connect as shown:

Test at the premises



Test at the drop terminal



Test at the fiber distribution hub (FDH)



3. Turn unit on.

4. If you want to test in Pass/Fail mode:

Ensure that LEDs are on. If not, press P/F mode

Ensure that the desired threshold set is selected (see <u>Selecting a Threshold</u> <u>Set on page 14</u>).

Results are now available.

6 Working in OPM Mode

Your unit can also be used as a standard optical power meter (in the OPM mode). This is particularly useful if you want to measure networks or devices carrying only one wavelength.

You can measure the output power (in dBm) or loss (in dB) using one of the unit's 40 CWDM wavelengths available.

You can select the wavelength that you want to use for your measurements. To customize the list of available wavelengths, you must use HHDT(refer to the online help of the HHDTapplication for more information).

You can set a specific reference value for each wavelength of the list. This reference value will remain in memory until you store a new one for the same wavelength.

When you use reference, your unit displays the loss created by the fiber under test only, since it subtracts a reference value from the measured power.

To perform loss measurements:

- 1. Clean your fibers properly as explained in <u>Cleaning and Connecting Optical</u> <u>Fibers on page 11.</u>
- 2. Connect the fiber to the OLT/video port.
- 3. Turn unit on.
- 4. Select the OPM mode, by pressing and holding down P/F mode
- 5. Select the test wavelength by pressing Threshold? or Next until the desired wavelength is displayed.
- **6.** Press dBm/ dB to select dB, so that the loss is expressed in dB.
- **7.** Hold down dBm/ dB for a few seconds to take the reference.



a few seconds.

The reference indicator is displayed, showing that the new reference value is now stored in memory.

Loss measurement is displayed just under the reference value.

 If desired, you can store the loss measurement in your unit (see <u>Storing Data on</u> page 19).

7 Managing Test Results

You can save up to 1000 results (FTTx or OPM) in your unit. You can recall this data later according to the storage configuration you have set. It is also possible to delete data directly from your unit.

If you prefer, you can also transfer your data from your unit to a computer using a USB cable.

Storing Data

Using the Handheld Data Transfer (HHDT) application, you can set storage configurations and then upload them to your unit using a USBcable. Refer to the Handheld Data Transfer documentation for more information on uploading configurations.

You can have configurations using the following modes selected by HHDT:

OLT and ONT IDs, with different locations.

Job, where the OLT and ONT are grouped with different locations.

Tostore <u>data i</u>n OLT mode:

- 1. Press Store/ Select to access the data storage menu. The data you have selected is temporarily stored to allow you to enter further information.
- 2. Press Next to access the available OLT values. The OLT name is displayed next to the Loc. indicator.
- **3.** Press Store/ Select to select the OLT and switch to the ONT selection.



- 4. Press Next to access the available ONT.
- 5. Press Store/ Select to select the ONT and switch to the Loc ID selection.
- 6. Press Next to access the available Loc. IDs.
- Press Store to select the location or to exit the storage mode.

The data is stored. The **Store** indicator is highlighted to show that the operation is complete.





Managing Test Results

To store data in Job mode:

- 1. Press **Store** to access the data storage menu. The data you have selected is temporarily stored to allow you to enter further information.
- 2. Press Next to access the available Job ID values.
- **3.** Press Store/ to select the job and access the available Loc. IDs.



4. Press Store/ select to select the location or b to exit the storage mode.

The data is stored. The **Store** indicator is highlighted to show that the operation is complete.



Recalling Data

According to the storage configuration you have set using the Handheld Data Transfer application, you can recall data you have previously stored.

You can recall files according to the following modes, depending on how your unit was set:

OLT and ONT IDs, with different locations.

Job, where the OLT and ONT are grouped in different locations.

To recall data in OLT mode:

- 1. Press and hold down Store/ for a few seconds to access the data recall menu.
- 2. Press Next to access the available OLT values. The OLT name is displayed next to the Loc. indicator.



OLT ID

ONTID

Loc. ID

Auto-of

- 3. Press Store/ to select the OLT and switch to the ONT selection.
- 4. Press Next access the available ONT.
- Press Store/ Select to select the ONT or U to exit the recall mode.

The data is recalled. Press Next to go through the data with the same OLT and ONT values.

To recall data in Job mode:

- 1. Press and hold down Store/ select for a few seconds to access the data recall menu.
- 2. Press Next to access the available Job IDvalues.
- Press Store/ select to select the job or to exit the recall mode.

The data is recalled. Press Next to go through the data with the same Job ID values.



-7

Deleting Data

You can delete unwanted data directly from the unit when viewing your stored data.

To delete data:

- 1. Press and hold down Store/ Select for a few seconds to access the data recallmenu.
- 2. Select the data you want to delete.
- 3. Press and hold down Select for a few seconds once again.
- 4. The del CONF (delete confirm) message appears.
- 5. Press Select to confirm your choice, or 🕐 to cancel.



Transferring Data to a Computer

Using an appropriate USBcable and the Handheld Data Transfer software, you can transfer saved data from your unit to a computer. This way, you can free memory space, perform better analyses on your data and create reports.

To transfer data to a computer:

- 1. Using a USB cable, connect your unit to an available USB port of the computer.
- 2. Turn on both the computer and your handheld unit. Connect your unit to a power outlet to ensure that your unit will remain on during the transfer.
- 3. On the computer, start the Handheld Data Transfer application and start the operation.

The unit displays "REM" and temporarily deactivates the keyboard and auto-off.

Note: For details about setting up the software and transferring data, refer to the Handheld Data Transfer online help.



IMPORTANT

Transferred data is not automatically deleted from your unit.

8 Identifying Fiber Faults Visually

Note: This feature is available only if your unit is equipped with a VFL port.

The visual fault locator (VFL) helps you identify bends, faulty connectors, splices and other causes of signal loss.

From its dedicated port, the VFLemits a red signal which becomes visible at the location of a fault on the fiber. This signal can be continuous (the default) or blinking (1 Hz).



WARNING

When the VFL is active, the VFL port emits visible laser radiation. Avoid exposure and do not stare directly into the beam. Ensure that any unused port is properly protected with a cap.

When the VFL is on, the rightmost status LED will also be on.

To activate the VFL and inspect a fiber:

- Connect the fiber under test to the VFLport (see <u>Cleaning and Connecting</u> <u>Optical Fibers on page 11</u>).
- 2. Press and hold down Next for a few seconds to switch between ONCW (continuous signal) and ON 1HZ (blinking signal).
- **3.** Without looking directly into the beam, examine the fiber. If light is coming out of the rubber jacket or on the side of the ferrule, the fiber is defective.
- **4.** Deactivate the VFL by pressing and holding down **Next** for a few seconds to switch between the signals **(ON CW** and **ON 1HZ)**, until you reach **OFF**.

Maintenance

9 Maintenance

To help ensure long, trouble-free operation:

Always inspect fiber-optic connectors before using them and clean them if necessary.

Keep the unit free of dust.

Clean the unit casing and front panel with a cloth slightly dampened with water.

Store unit at room temperature in a clean and dry area. Keep the unit out of direct sunlight.

Avoid high humidity or significant temperature fluctuations.

Avoid unnecessary shocks and vibrations.

If any liquids are spilled on or into the unit, turn off the power immediately, disconnect from any external power source, remove the batteries and let the unit dry completely.



WARNING

The use of controls, adjustments and procedures other than those specified herein may result in exposure to hazardous situations or impair the protection provided by this unit.

Cleaning EUI Connectors

Regular cleaning of EUI connectors will help maintain optimum performance. There is no need to disassemble the unit.



IMPORTANT

If any damage occurs to internal connectors, the module casing will have to be opened and a new calibration will be required.

To clean EUI connectors:

1. Remove the EUI from the instrument to expose the connector baseplate and ferrule.



- 2. Moisten a 2.5 mm cleaning tip with *one drop* of isopropyl alcohol (alcohol may leave traces if used abundantly).
- 3. Slowly insert the cleaning tip into the EUIadapter until it comes out on the other side (a slow clockwise rotating movement may help).



4. Gently turn the cleaning tip one full turn, then continue to turn as you withdraw it.

Maintenance

5. Repeat steps 3 to 4 with a dry cleaning tip.

Note: Make sure you don't touch the soft end of the cleaning tip.

- 6. Clean the ferrule in the connector port as follows:
 - 6a. Deposit one drop of isopropyl alcohol on a lint-free wiping cloth.



IMPORTANT

Since isopropyl alcohol is not absolutely pure, it may leave residues if used abundantly or left to evaporate (about 10 seconds).

Avoid contact between the tip of the bottle and the wiping cloth, dry the surface quickly, and use a bottle that distributes only a drop of alcohol at a time.

- 6b. Gently wipe the connector and ferrule.
- **6c.** With a dry lint-free wiping cloth, gently wipe the same surfaces to ensure that the connector and ferrule are perfectly dry.
- **6d.** Verify connector surface with a portable fiber-optic microscope (for example, EXFO's FOMS) or fiber inspection probe (for example, EXFO's FIP).



WARNING

Verifying the surface of the connector WHILE THE UNIT ISACTIVE WILL result in permanent eye damage.

- 7. Put the EUIback onto the instrument (push and turn clockwise).
- 8. Throw out cleaning tips and wiping cloths after one use.

Replacing Disposable Alkaline Batteries

Your unit requires three AA alkaline batteries.

Note: The provided AC adapter is not a charger.

To replace disposable alkaline batteries:

- 1. Turn off the unit (if the AC adapter is plugged in, you batteries while unit is on).
- 2. Open the battery compartment door located at the b
- 3. Replace batteries, respecting the polarity as shown.
- 4. Close the battery compartment door.





WARNING

Do not throw batteries into fire or water and do not short-circuit the batteries' electrical contacts.



WARNING

Using the wrong type of battery can lead to product damage, overheating, or even explosion.



CAUTION

EXFO guarantees the specifications and viability of the products *ONLY* if they are used with chargers provided by EXFO.

Recalibrating the Unit

Manufacturing and service center calibrations are based on the ISO/IEC 17025 Standard, which states that calibration documents must not contain a recommended calibration interval, unless this has been previously agreed upon with the customer.

Validity of specifications depends on operating conditions. For example, the calibration validity period can be longer or shorter depending on the intensity of use, environmental conditions and unit maintenance. You should determine the adequate calibration interval for your unit according to your accuracy requirements.

Under normal use, EXFO recommends calibrating your unit every three years.

Note:

The FlexCare warranty program includes Calibration/Verification packages.

Maintenance

To view the last calibration date:

- Press and hold down same time. The unit displays the main embedded software version.
- 2. Press Next to display the calibration date of the unit.
- 3. Press 🕐 to return to your previous mode.

CRL 04 06.27 Month/Day_o

Verifying the Integrity of User Information in Memory

You can verify the integrity of the memory to ensure that your unit will function normally for threshold sets, correction factors, wavelength lists and storage information.

If a problem is detected, error code 9, 10, or 12 will be displayed. If you turn the unit off without correcting the problem, the error code will be displayed once the unit is turned on again. For more information, see <u>Error Codes and Descriptions on page 31.</u>

To verify memory integrity:

Hold down $\frac{P/F}{mode}$ and $\frac{Threshold}{\lambda}$ a few seconds. The unit displays **CHKS** and vertical bars move at the top of the display, indicating the verification is in progress.

Note: Keypad is disabled during this operation.

The unit will then return to your previous mode.



Verifying the LEDs and LCD

You can verify that the LEDs function normally and that the screen can display all the elements properly. The unit must be in Pass/Fail or Normal mode to perform the verification.

To verify the LEDs and LCD:

Hold down O and P/F mode a few seconds. The unit displays TEST and vertical bars move at the top of the display, indicating the verification is in progress.

The three LEDs will light up briefly in the following order: green, yellow, red. Once LEDs are turned off, all the screen segments will be displayed at the same time, allowing you to verify them.



Note: Keypad is disabled during the operation.

2. Press any key to return to your previous mode.

10 Troubleshooting

Solving Common Problems

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
One of the LEDs remains off. OR One of the LEDs remains green or red even if the status is Warning.	LED is burnt. Verify LEDs (see <u>Verifying</u> <u>the LEDs and LCD on page</u> <u>29</u>).	Contact EXFO.
Pressing the ^{7/F} mode does not activate Pass/Fail mode.	Unit is currently nulling offsets, verifying thresholds or verifying LEDs and LCD.	Let the unit complete the operation. If the unit was verifying LEDs and LCD, press any key to return to your previous mode (Pass/Fail or Normal).
	The current threshold set contains an unusable (corrupted) value. No threshold sets have been defined	See <u>Error Codes and</u> <u>Descriptions on</u> page 31. See <u>Error Codes and</u> Descriptions on
	been defined.	<u>Descriptions on</u> page 31.

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
The threshold set name is not displayed correctly.	Name contains characters that your unit cannot display. Unsupported characters are replaced with dashes, spaces or "+"	Rename the threshold set using only supported characters: 0 through 9 A through Z (both lowercase and uppercase) - (dash) + /. < = > ? [\] _ (underscore) and space For more information on renaming threshold sets, see <u>Canfiguring</u> <u>Thresholds, Correction</u> <u>Factors, Wavelength List,</u> <u>and Storage Details on</u> page 13.
In Pass/Fail mode, impossible to see all wavelengths and some of the LEDs are off.	Atleast one signalis deactivated (see <u>Selecting</u> <u>a Threshold Set on</u> page 14).	Reactivate the signal (see <i>Configuring Thresholds,</i> <i>Correction Factors,</i> <i>Wavelength List, and</i> <i>Storage Details on</i> page 13).

Error Codes and Descriptions

ER: error code displayed until you press a key.

WR: warning code displayed for 3 seconds, then unit returns to normal.

Error Code	Description	Solution
EMPT	Storage memory is empty, there is nothing to recall.	Store at least one measurement before going in recall mode.
FULL	Storage memory is full.	Free some storage space by deleting measurements.
LIGH	Light detected while nulling offsets. Nulling is not performed.	Correctly place protective cap on ports, then retry. If the problem persists, contact EXFO.
ER 9	Configuration for storage information is not usable (corruption problem).	Download new storage information (see <u>Configuring</u> <u>Thresholds, Correction Factors,</u> <u>Wavelength List, and Storage</u> <u>Details on page</u> 13).

Troubleshooting

Error Code	Description	Solution
ER 10	Configuration for wavelength list and correction factors is not usable (corruption problem).	Download new wavelength list and correction factors (see <u>Configuring Thresholds</u> , <u>Correction Factors, Wavelength</u> <u>List, and Storage Details on page</u> 13).
ER 12/16	Threshold values are not usable (corruption problem). Would occur: during unit initialization after threshold verification (see <u>Verifying the Integrity of User</u> <u>Information in Memory on page 28</u> after threshold set selection	Download new threshold sets to your unit. For more information, see <u>Configuring Thresholds</u> , <u>Correction Factors, Wavelength List, and Storage Details on page</u> <u>13.</u>
ER 13	EEPROM corrupted (would occur during unit initialization).	Unit must be recalibrated. Contact EXFO.
ER 17	No signal is activated for the selected threshold. The error is displayed again if you try to activate the threshold. You must enter the threshold selection mode to select another threshold. This error can be displayed at startup if no threshold signal is selected when shutting down the unit. The threshold signal activation is done through the threshold download application.	Enter the threshold selection mode Activate another threshold
WR 23	No threshold sets have been defined. Pass/Fail mode cannot be activated.	Download new threshold sets to your unit. For more information, see <u>Configuring Thresholds</u> , <u>Correction Factors, Wavelength</u> <u>List, and Storage Details on page</u> <u>13.</u>
WR 24	Date and time of the real-time clock are not valid.	Use HHDT to transfer date and time of the real-time clock by configuring the PPM-350C. If the problem persists, you may have to change the real-time clock battery. Contact EXFO for details.

A Technical Specifications



IMPORTANT

The following technical specifications can change without notice. The information presented in this section is provided as a reference only.

Specifications^a

	PPM-352C	
Power measurement range-pass zone for continuous data stream (dBm)		
1310 nm	8to -40	
1490 nm	12 to -40	
1550 nm	25 to -40	
Burst measurement capability Burst	CO to ONT	
measurement range ^b (dBm)		
1310 nm	8 to-30	
ORL ° (dB)		
1550 nm	55	
Pass-through insertion loss ^b (dB)	1.5	
Spectral passband (nm) 1310		
nm	1260 to 1360	
1490 nm	1480 to 1500	
1550 nm	1539 to 1565	
Power uncertainty ^{b, c, d} (dB)	0.5	
Calibrated wavelengths (nm)	1310/1490/1550	
Threshold sets	10 configurable threshold sets	
	with threshold naming	
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS		
Size (H xW xD)	195 mm x100 mm x57 mm (7 11/16 in x4 in x2 1/4 in)	
Weight ^f	0.4 kg (0.9 lb)	
Temperature		
Operating	-10 °C to 50 °C (14 °F to 122 °F)	
Storage f	-40 °C to 70 °C (-40 °F to 158 °F)	
Relative humidity	0 % to 95% non-condensing	
Autonomy ^b (hours)		
FTTx mode (burst)	35	
OPM mode (CW)	80	
Number of ports	2	
Warranty and recommended calibration interval (years) 9	3	

Notes

a. At room temperature.

b. Typical. c. Around –7 dBm, CW

d. At calibrated wavelengths
e. For APC connectors.

f. Without batteries.

g. Excluding connector wear.