

# 40GBASE Bi-Directional QSFP+ 850nm 300m LC DOM Transceiver for MMF

QSFP-BIDI-40G



## Application

- 40G Ethernet over Duplex MMF
- Allows Upgrades from 10GBASE-SR without Changing Fiber Plant

## Features

- Hot-pluggable QSFP+ Form Factor
- 300m Operation over Duplex OM3 MMF, and 400m over Duplex OM4 MMF
- Supports 41.2 Gb/s Aggregate Bit Rates
- Power Dissipation < 3.5W
- Commercial Case Temperature Range 0°C to 70°C
- Duplex LC Receptacles
- XLPI Electrical Interface
- Built-in Digital Diagnostic Functions, including Tx/Rx Power Monitoring
- RoHS-6 Compliant

## Description

The QSFP-BIDI-40G transceiver modules are designed for use in 40 Gigabit Ethernet links over duplex multimode fiber. They are compliant with the QSFP+ MSA and IEEE 802.3ba XLPI electrical interface. Digital diagnostics functions are available via an I2C interface, as specified by the QSFP+ MSA. The optical transceiver is compliant per the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU.

## Product Specifications

### I. General Product Characteristics

| Parameter                               | Value  | Unit  | Notes                               |
|---|--|-------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Module Form Factor</b>               | QSFP+  |       |                                     |
| <b>Maximum Aggregate Data Rate</b>      | 41.2   | Gb/s  |                                     |
| <b>Protocols Supported</b>              | 40G Ethernet                                 |       |                                     |
| <b>Electrical Interface and Pin-out</b> | 38-pin edge connector                        |       | Pin-out as defined by the QSFP+ MSA |
| <b>Maximum Power Consumption</b>        | 3.5  | Watts | 1                                   |
| <b>Management Interface</b>             | Serial, I2C-based, 400 kHz maximum frequency |       | As defined by the QSFP+ MSA         |

#### Notes:

1. Will be <3.5W in link established mode. If the input optical signal is without data, the CDR will keep searching and push the power consumption over the maximum spec.

| Data Rate Specifications    | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max               | Units  | Ref. |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----|-----|-------------------|--------|------|
| <b>Bit Error Ratio</b>      | BER    | 0   |     | 10 <sup>-12</sup> |        | 1    |
| <b>Link Distance on OM3</b> | d      | 0   |     | 300               | Meters |      |
| <b>Link Distance on OM4</b> | d      |     |     | 400               | Meters |      |

**Notes:**

1. Tested with a PRBS 231-1 test pattern.

## II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                         | Symbol   | Min  | Typ | Max | Unit | Ref. |
|-----------------------------------|--|------|-----|-----|------|------|
| <b>Maximum Supply Voltage</b>     | V <sub>cc1</sub> ,<br>V <sub>ccTx</sub> ,<br>V <sub>ccRx</sub> | -0.5 |     | 3.6 | V    |      |
| <b>Storage Temperature</b>        | T <sub>s</sub>   | -40  |     | 85  | °C   |      |
| <b>Case Operating Temperature</b> | T <sub>op</sub>  | 0    |     | 70  | °C   |      |
| <b>Relative Humidity</b>          | RH   | 0    |     | 85  | %    | 1    |
| <b>Damage Threshold, per Lane</b> | DT   | 4    |     |     | dBm  |      |

**Notes:**

1. Non-condensing.

### III. Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>OP</sub> = 0 to 70 °C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.1 to 3.47 Volts)

| Parameter   | Unit                | Min   | Type                                    | Max  | Unit     | Ref. |
|---|---------------------|---|---|------|----------|------|
| <b>Supply Voltage</b>                               | V <sub>CC</sub> Tx, | V <sub>CC</sub> 1,<br>3.1<br>V <sub>CC</sub> Rx |   | 3.47 | V        |      |
| <b>Supply Current</b>                               |                     | I <sub>CC</sub>                                 |   | 0.9  | A        | 1    |
| <b>Link Turn-on Time</b>                            |                     |   |   |      |          |      |
| <b>Transmit Turn-on Time</b>                        |                     |   |   | 2000 | ms       | 2    |
| <b>Transmitter (per Lane)</b>                       |                     |   |   |      |          |      |
| <b>Single-ended Input Voltage Tolerance</b>         | V <sub>in</sub> T   | -0.3  |   | 4.0  | V        |      |
| <b>Differential Data Input Swing</b>                | V <sub>in,pp</sub>  | 120   |   | 1200 | mVpp     | 3    |
| <b>Differential Input Threshold</b>                 |                     |   | 50                                      |      | mV       |      |
| <b>AC Common Mode Input Voltage Tolerance (RMS)</b> |                     | 15  |   |      | mV       |      |
| <b>Differential Input Return Loss</b>               |                     |   | Per IEEE P802.3ba,<br>Section 86A.4.1.1 |      | dB       | 4    |
| <b>J2 Jitter Tolerance</b>                          | Jt2                 | 0.17  |   |      | UI       |      |
| <b>J9 Jitter Tolerance</b>                          | Jt9                 | 0.29  |   |      | UI       |      |
| <b>Data Dependent Pulse Width Shrinkage</b>         | DDPWS               | 0.07  |   |      | UI       |      |
| <b>Eye Mask Coordinates {X1, X2<br/>Y1, Y2}</b>     |                     |   | 0.11, 0.31<br>95, 350                   |      | UI<br>mV | 5    |

| Parameter  | Unit                | Min  | Type | Max                                     | Unit             | Ref. |
|--|---------------------|------|------|---|------------------|------|
| <b>Receiver (per Lane)</b>                         |                     |      |      |   |                  |      |
| <b>Single-ended Output Voltage</b>                 |                     | -0.3 |      | 4.0                                     | V                |      |
| <b>Differential Data Output Swing</b>              | V <sub>out,pp</sub> | 200  |      | 400                                     | mV <sub>pp</sub> | 6, 7 |
|  |                     | 300  |      | 600                                     |                  |      |
|  |                     | 400  |      | 800                                     |                  |      |
|  |                     | 600  |      | 1200                                    |                  |      |
| <b>AC Common Mode Output Voltage (RMS)</b>         |                     |      |      | 7.5                                     | mV               |      |
| <b>Termination Mismatch at 1 MHz</b>               |                     |      |      | 5                                       | %                |      |
| <b>Differential Output Return Loss</b>             |                     |      |      | Per IEEE P802.3ba,<br>Section 86A.4.2.1 | dB               | 4    |
| <b>Common Mode Output Return Loss</b>              |                     |      |      | Per IEEE P802.3ba,<br>Section 86A.4.2.2 | dB               | 4    |
| <b>Output Transition Time, 20% to 80%</b>          |                     | 28   |      |   | ps               |      |
| <b>J2 Jitter Output</b>                            | Jo2                 |      |      | 0.42                                    | UI               |      |
| <b>J9 Jitter Output</b>                            | Jo9                 |      |      | 0.65                                    | UI               |      |
| <b>Eye Mask Coordinates #1 {X1, X2<br/>Y1, Y2}</b> |                     |      |      | 0.29, 0.5<br>150, 425                   | UI<br>mV         | 5    |
| <b>Power Supply Ripple Tolerance</b>               | PSR                 | 50   |      |   | mV <sub>pp</sub> |      |

**Notes:**

1. Will be <3.5W in link established mode. If the input optical signal is without data, the CDR will keep searching and push the supply current over the maximum spec.
2. From power-on and end of any fault conditions.
3. After internal AC coupling. Self-biasing 100 differential input.
4. 10 MHz to 11.1 GHz range.
5. Hit ratio =  $5 \times 10^{-5}$ .
6. AC coupled with 100 differential output impedance.
7. Output voltage is settable in 4 discrete steps via I2C.

## IV. Optical Characteristics ( $T_{OP} = 0$ to $70$ °C, $V_{CC} = 3.1$ to $3.47$ Volts)

Per-channel optical characteristics vary over the 4 wavelengths. Below are the worst-case

| Parameter   | Symbol     | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit | Ref. |
|---|------------|------|-----|------|------|------|
| <b>Transmitter</b>  |            |      |     |      |      |      |
| <b>Lane Center Wavelengths</b>                              |            |      | 850 |      |      |      |
|   |            |      | 880 |      |      |      |
|   |            |      | 910 |      |      | nm   |
|   |            |      | 940 |      |      |      |
| <b>Spectral Width @ 850nm</b>                               | SBW        |      |     | 0.53 |      |      |
| <b>Spectral Width @ 880nm, 910nm, 940nm</b>                 | SBW        |      |     | 0.59 | nm   |      |
| <b>Total Average Launch Power</b>                           | $P_{OUT}$  | -1.5 |     | 9.0  | dBm  | 2    |
| <b>Average Launch Power per Lane</b>                        | TXPx       | -7.5 |     | 3.0  | dBm  | 1,2  |
| <b>Transmit OMA per Lane</b>                                | TxOMA      | -5.5 |     | 3    | dBm  | 1    |
| <b>Difference in Launch Power between Any 2 Lanes (OMA)</b> | TxOMA DIFF |      |     | 4.5  | dB   |      |
| <b>Launch Power Tx OMA - TDP</b>                            |            | -6.6 |     |      | dBm  |      |
| <b>Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure @ 850nm</b>       | TDEC       |      |     | 3.7  | dB   |      |
| <b>Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure @ 880nm</b>       | TDEC       |      |     | 4.0  | dB   |      |
| <b>Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure @ 910nm</b>       | TDEC       |      |     | 4.5  | dB   |      |
| <b>Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure @ 940nm</b>       | TDEC       |      |     | 5.0  | dB   |      |
| <b>Optical Extinction Ratio</b>                             | ER         | 2.0  |     |      | dB   |      |
| <b>Average Launch Power of OFF Transmitter, Per Lane</b>    |            |      |     | -30  | dBm  |      |

| Parameter   | Symbol           | Min  | Typ                               | Max  | Unit  | Ref. |
|---|------------------|------|-----------------------------------|------|-------|------|
| <b>Relative Intensity Noise</b>   | RIN              |      |                                   | -128 | dB/Hz | 3    |
| <b>Optical Return Loss Tolerance</b>  |                  | 12   |                                   |      | dB    |      |
| <b>Transmitter Eye Mask Definition {X1, X2<br/>X3, Y1, Y2, Y3}</b>            |                  |      | 0.23, 0.34, 0.43, 0.27, 0.35, 0.4 |      |       |      |
| <b>Receiver</b>   |                  |      |                                   |      |       |      |
| <b>Lane Center Wavelengths</b>  |                  |      | 850<br>880<br>910<br>940          |      | nm    |      |
| <b>Average Receive Power per Lane</b>   | RXPx             | -9.0 |                                   | 3.0  | dBm   | 1,4  |
| <b>Receive Power (OMA) per Lane</b>   | RxOMA            |      |                                   | 3    | dBm   | 1    |
| <b>Receiver Sensitivity (OMA) per Lane</b>                                    | Rxsens           |      |                                   | -9.1 | dBm   | 1,5  |
| <b>Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA)<br/>Per Lane @ 850nm</b>               | SRS              |      |                                   | -5.7 | dBm   | 1    |
| <b>Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA)<br/>per Lane @ 880nm, 910nm, 940nm</b> | SRS              |      |                                   | -4.4 | dBm   | 1    |
| <b>Return Loss</b>  | RL               |      |                                   | 12   | dB    |      |
| <b>LOS De-Assert</b>  | LOS <sub>d</sub> |      |                                   | -13  | dBm   |      |
| <b>LOS Assert</b>   | LOS <sub>A</sub> | -30  |                                   |      | dBm   |      |
| <b>LOS Hysteresis</b>   |                  | 0.5  |                                   |      | dB    |      |

**Notes:**

1. This value varies among the 4 channels. The value shown is for the worst-case channel.
2. Minimum value is informative.
3. Maximum value is informative. TDP guarantees Tx performance
4. Minimum value is informative, equals min TxOMA with infinite ER and max channel insertion loss.
5. Maximum value is informative based on a theoretical perfect unstressed optical source

## V. Memory Map and Control Registers

Compatible with SFF-8636 (QSFP+).

## VI. Environmental Specifications

The QSFP-BIDI-40G transceivers have an operating temperature range from 0°C to +70°C case temperature.

| Parameter                         | Unit | Min | Type | Max | Unit | Ref. |
|-----------------------------------|------|-----|------|-----|------|------|
| <b>Case Operating Temperature</b> | Top  | 0   |      | 70  | °C   |      |
| <b>Storage Temperature</b>        | Tsto | -40 |      | 85  | °C   | 0    |

## VII. Regulatory Compliance

The QSFP-BIDI-40G transceivers are RoHS-6 compliant. Copies of certificates are available at FS.COM upon request. The QSFP-BIDI-40G transceiver modules are Class 1 laser eye safety compliant per IEC 60825-1.



### VIII. Mechanical Specifications

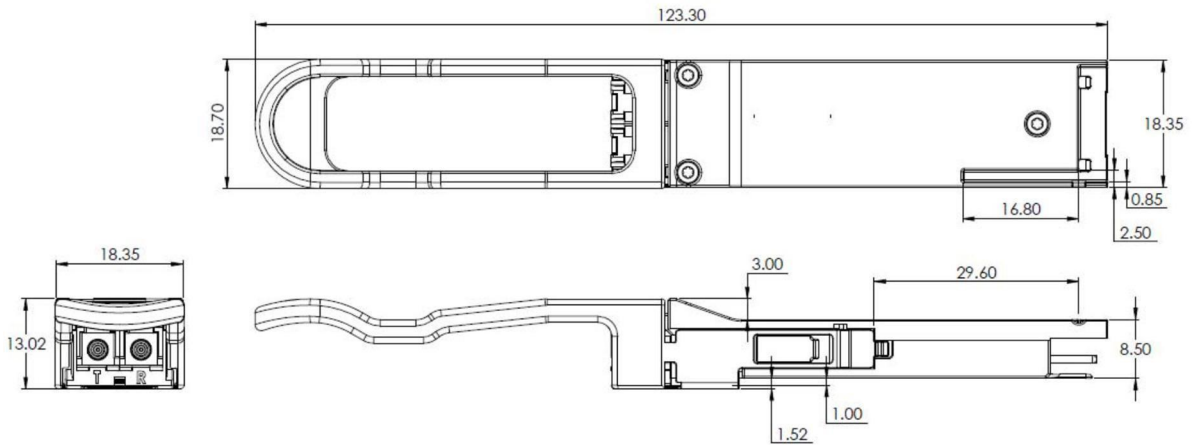


Figure1. QSFP-BIDI-40G mechanical drawing

The QSFP-BIDI-40G mechanical specifications are compliant to the QSFP+ MSA transceiver module specifications..

### IX. Pin Description

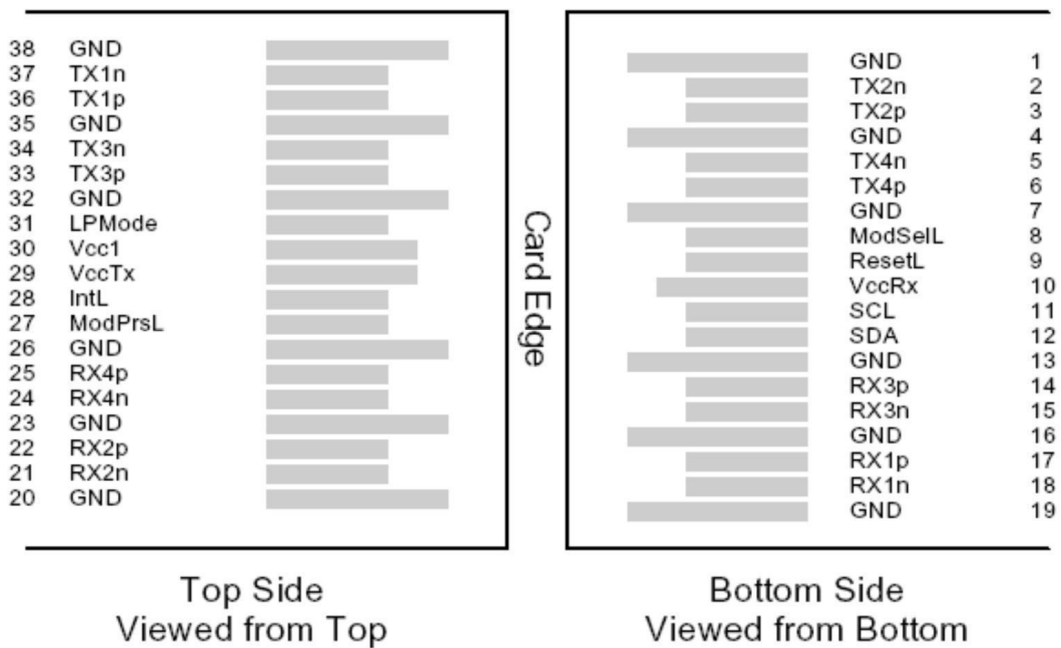


Figure2. QSFP+ MSA-compliant 38-pin connector

| Pin | 6BSymbol | Name/Description                    | Notes |
|-----|----------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 1   | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 2   | Tx2n     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input     |       |
| 3   | Tx2p     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |       |
| 4   | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 5   | Tx4n     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input     |       |
| 6   | Tx4p     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |       |
| 7   | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 8   | ModSelL  | Module Select                       |       |
| 9   | ResetL   | Module Reset                        |       |
| 10  | Vcc Rx   | +3.3 V Power supply receiver        |       |
| 11  | SCL      | 2-wire serial interface clock       |       |
| 12  | SDA      | 2-wire serial interface data        |       |
| 13  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 14  | Rx3p     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output   |       |
| 15  | Rx3n     | Receiver Inverted Data Output       |       |
| 16  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 17  | Rx1p     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output   |       |
| 18  | Rx1n     | Receiver Inverted Data Output       |       |
| 19  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 20  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 21  | Rx2n     | Receiver Inverted Data Output       |       |
| 22  | Rx2p     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output   |       |
| 23  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 24  | Rx4n     | Receiver Inverted Data Output       |       |
| 25  | Rx4p     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output   |       |

| Pin | 6BSymbol | Name/Description                    | Notes |
|-----|----------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 26  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 27  | ModPrsL  | Module Present                      |       |
| 28  | IntL     | Interrupt                           |       |
| 29  | Vcc Tx   | +3.3 V Power supply transmitter     |       |
| 30  | Vcc1     | +3.3 V Power Supply                 |       |
| 31  | LPMODE   | Low Power Mode                      |       |
| 32  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 33  | Tx3p     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |       |
| 34  | Tx3n     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input     |       |
| 35  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |
| 36  | Tx1p     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input |       |
| 37  | Tx1n     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input     |       |
| 38  | GND      | Ground                              | 1     |

**Notes:**

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.

**References:**

1. SFF-8436 – Specification for QSFP+ Copper and Optical Transceiver, Rev 4.8, October 2013.
2. SFF-8636 – Common Management Interface, Rev 2.7, January, 2016.
3. IEEE 802.3ba – Annex 86A “Parallel Physical Interface (nPPI) for 40GBASE-SR4 and 40GBASE-LR4 (XLPP) and 100GBASE-SR10 (CPPI)”
4. Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Council Parliament and of the Council, “on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment,” June 8, 2011, which supercedes the previous RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC.

## Test Center

FS.COM transceivers are tested to ensure connectivity and compatibility in our test center before shipped out. FS.COM test center is supported by a variety of mainstream original brand switches and groups of professional staff, helping our customers make the most efficient use of our products in their systems, network designs and deployments.

The original switches could be found nowhere but at FS.COM test center, eg: Juniper MX960 & EX 4300 series, Cisco Nexus 9396PX & Cisco ASR 9000 Series, HP 5900 Series & HP 5406R ZL2 V3(J9996A), Arista 7050S-64, Brocade ICX7750-26Q & ICX6610-48, Avaya VSP 7000 MDA 2, etc.



Cisco ASR 9000 Series(A9K-MPA-1X40GE)



ARISTA 7050S-64(DCS-7050S-64)



Juniper MX960



Brocade ICX 7750-26Q



Extreme networks X670V VIM-40G4X



Mellanox M3601Q



Dell N4032F



HP 5406R ZL2 V3(J9996A)



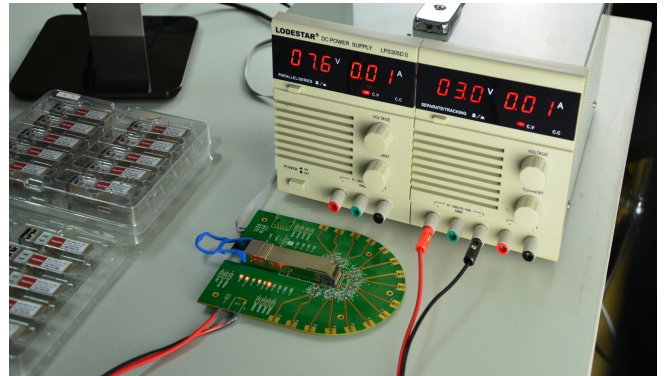
AVAYA 7024XLS(7002QQ-MDA)

## Test Assured Program

FS.COM truly understands the value of compatibility and interoperability to each optics. Every module FS.COM provides must run through programming and an extensive series of platform diagnostic tests to prove its performance and compatibility. In our test center, we care of every detail from staff to facilities—professionally trained staff, advanced test facilities and comprehensive original-brand switches, to ensure our customers to receive the optics with superior quality.



Our smart data system allows effective product management and quality control according to the unique serial number, properly tracking the order, shipment and every part.



Our in-house coding facility programs all of our parts to standard OEM specs for compatibility on all major vendors and systems such as Cisco, Juniper, Brocade, HP, Dell, Arista and so on.



With a comprehensive line of original-brand switches, we can recreate an environment and test each optics in practical application to ensure quality and distance.



The last test assured step to ensure our products to be shipped with perfect package.

## Order Information

| Part Number   | Description   |
|---------------|---|
| QSFP-SR4-40G  | 40GBASE-SR4 QSFP+ 850nm 150m MTP/MPO Transceiver for MMF      |
| QSFP-BIDI-40G | 40GBASE-BIDI QSFP+ 850nm 300m LC Transceiver for SMF          |
| QSFP-CSR4-40G | 40GBASE-CSR4 QSFP+ 850nm 400m MTP/MPO Transceiver for MMF     |
| QSFP-PIR4-40G | 40GBASE-PLRL4 QSFP+ 1310nm 1.4km MTP/MPO Transceiver for SMF  |
| QSFP-LX4-40G  | 40GBASE-UNIV QSFP+ 1310nm 2km LC Transceiver for SMF&MMF      |
| QSFP-IR4-40G  | 40GBASE-LR4L QSFP+ 1310nm 2km LC Transceiver for SMF          |
| QSFP-LR4-40G  | 40GBASE-LR4 and OTU3 QSFP+ 1310nm 10km LC Transceiver for SMF |
| QSFP-PLR4-40G | 40GBASE-PLR4 QSFP+ 1310nm 10km MTP/MPO Transceiver for SMF    |
| QSFP-ER4-40G  | 40GBASE-ER4 and OTU3 QSFP+ 1310nm 40km LC Transceiver for SMF |

### Note:

40G QSFP+ transceiver module is individually tested on corresponding equipment such as Cisco, Arista, Juniper, Dell, Brocade and other brands, and passes the monitoring of FS.COM intelligent quality control system.



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