

10GBASE-LR SFP+ 1310nm 20km DOM Transceiver

SFP-10GLR-31



Application

- 10GBASE-LR/LW 10G Ethernet
- 1200-SM-LL-L 10G Fibre Channel

Features

- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Supports 9.95 to 10.5Gb/s bit rates
- Power dissipation < 1W
- RoHS-6 compliant (lead-free)
- Industrial temperature range : -40°C to 85°C
- Commercial temperature range : 0°C to 70°C
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Maximum link length of 20km
- Uncooled 1310nm DFB laser
- Receiver limiting electrical interface
- Duplex LC connector
- Built-in digital diagnostic functions

Description

10Gb/s Enhanced Small Form Factor Pluggable SFP+ transceivers are designed for use in 10-Gigabit Ethernet links up to 20km over Single Mode fiber. They are compliant with SFF-8431, SFF-8432 and IEEE 802.3ae 10GBASE-LR/LW, and 10G Fibre Channel 1200-SM-LL-L. Digital diagnostics functions are available via a 2-wire serial interface. The transceiver is a “limiting module”, i.e., it employs a limiting receiver. Host board designers using an EDC PHY IC should follow the IC manufacturer’s recommended settings for interoperating the host-

board EDC PHY with a limiting receiver SFP+ module. The optical transceiver is compliant per the RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU.

Product Specifications

I. General Specifications

Data Rate Specifications	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Units	Ref.
Bit Rate	BR	3.144		11.3168	Gb/s	1
Bit Error Ratio	BER			10 ⁻¹²		2
Max. Supported Link Length	L MAX			40	km	1

Notes:

1. 10GBASE-LR, 10GBASE-LW, 1200-SM-LL-L 10GFC.
2. Tested with a 2³¹ – 1 PRBS.

II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Ref.
Maximum Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5		4.0	V	
Storage Temperature	T _S	-40		85	°C	
Case Operating Temperature	T _A	0		70	°C	
	T _A	-40		85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	0		85	%	1
Receiver Optical Damage Threshold	RxDamage	5			dBm	

Note:

Non-condensing.

III. Electrical Characteristics (TOP = 0 to 70 °C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Ref.
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.14	3.30	3.46	V	
Supply Current	I _{CC}		200	285	mA	
Transmitter						
Input differential impedance	R _{in}		100	120	Ω	1
Differential data input swing	V _{in,pp}	180		850	mVpp	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V _D	2	50	V _{CC}	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	V _{EN}	V _{ee}		0.8	V	

Receiver

Differential data output swing	$V_{out,pp}$	300		850	mV	2,5
Output rise time and fall time	T_r, T_f	28			ps	3
LOS Fault	$V_{LOS\ fault}$	2		V_{cc}	V	4
LOS Normal	$V_{LOS\ norm}$	V_{ee}		0.8	V	4
Power Supply Noise Tolerance	V_{ccT}/V_{ccR}		Per SFF-8431 Rev 3.0			mVpp

Notes:

1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupling from pins into laser driver IC.
2. Into 100 Ω differential termination.
3. 20 – 80%. Measured with Module Compliance Test Board and OMA test pattern. Use of four 1' s and four 0' s sequence in the PRBS 9 is an acceptable alternative.
4. LOS is an open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k Ω – 10k Ω on the host board. Normal operation is logic 0; loss of signal is logic 1.
5. The transceiver is a “limiting module” , i.e., it employs a limiting receiver. Host board designers using an EDC PHY IC should follow the IC manufacturer' s recommended settings for interoperating the host-board EDC PHY with a limiting receiver SFP+ module.

IV. Optical Characteristics (TOP = 0 to 70 °C, VCC = 3.14 to 3.46 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
Transmitter						
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA)	P_{OMA}	-5.2			dBm	
Average Launch Power	P_{AVE}	-8.2		+0.5	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	1260		1355	nm	
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
Transmitter and Dispersion Penalty	TDP			3.2	dB	
Average Launch power when Tx is OFF	P_{OFF}			-30	dBm	
Tx Jitter	Txj	Per 802.3ae requirements				
Relative Intensity Noise	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Receiver						
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA) @ 10.3Gb/S	R_{SENS1}			-12.6	dBm	2
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA) @ 10.3Gb/s	R_{SENS2}			-10.3	dBm	3
Average Receive Power	P_{AVE}	-14.2		+0.5	dBm	
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	1260		1600	nm	
Receiver Reflectance	Rrx			-12	dB	

Dynamic Range for Rated Accuracy

Internally measured transceiver temperature	$DD_{Temperature}$	-40		85	°C	
Internally measured transceiver temperature	$DD_{Voltage}$	3.1		3.5	V	
Measured TX bias current	DD_{Bias}	10		90	mA	
Measured TX output power	$DD_{Tx-Power}$	-8.2		+0.5	dBm	
Measured RX received average optical power	$DD_{Rx-Power}$	-14.2		+0.5	dBm	

Max Reporting Range

Internally measured transceiver temperature	$DD_{Temperature}$	-40		125	°C	
Internally measured transceiver supply voltage	$DD_{Voltage}$	2.8		4.0	V	
Measured TX bias current	DD_{Bias}	0		20	mA	
Measured TX output power	$DD_{Tx-Power}$	-10		+2	dBm	
Measured RX received average optical power	$DD_{Rx-Power}$	-22		+2	dBm	

Notes:

Accuracy of measured Tx bias current is 10% of the actual bias current from the laser driver to the laser.

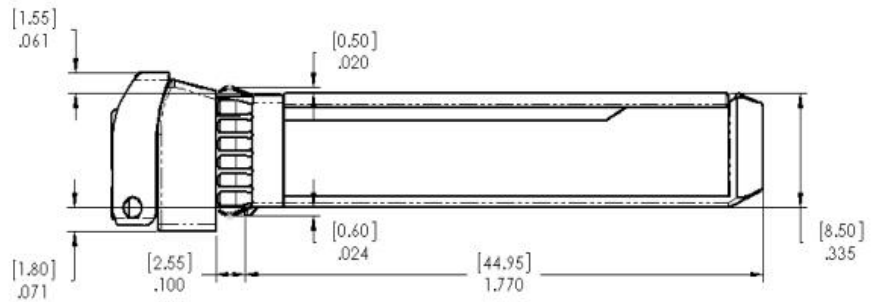
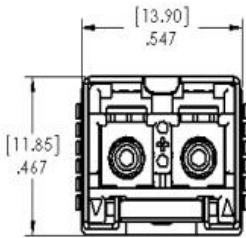
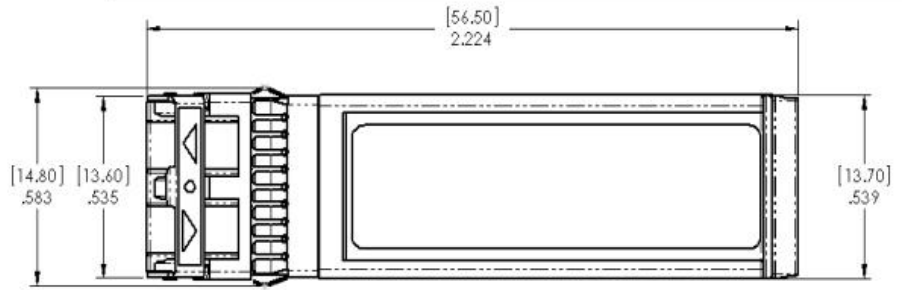
VI. Pin Description

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1
2	T_{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault	2
3	T_{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	2
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	2
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	2
7	RS0	Rate Select 0.	4
8	RX_LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	5
9	RS1	Rate Select 1.	4
10	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground	1
11	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled.	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled.	
14	V_{EER}	Receiver Ground	1
15	V_{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V_{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V_{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2. TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k -10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V. A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
3. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
4. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 2.0. See Sec. X for the logic table to use for the internal CDRs locking modes.
5. LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7kΩ -10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

VII. Mechanical Specifications



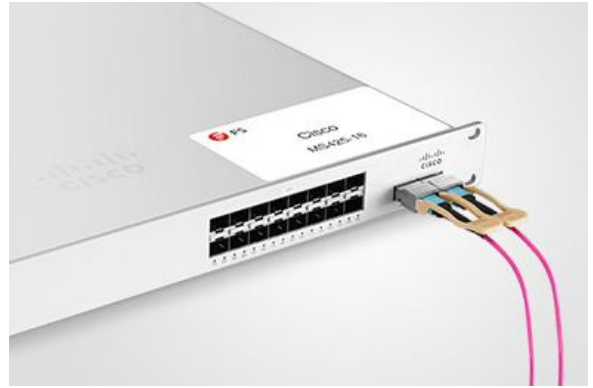
Test Center

I. Compatibility Testing

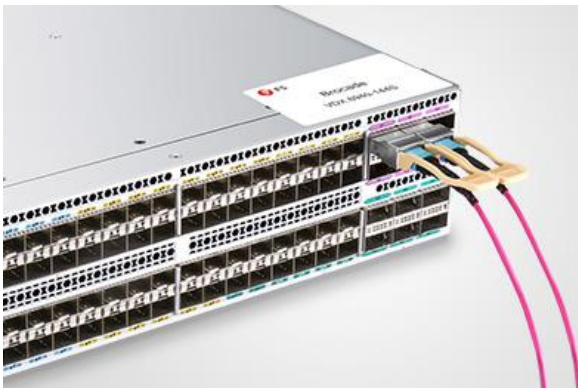
Each fiber optical transceiver has been tested in host device on site in FS Assured Program to ensure full compatibility with over 200 vendors.



Cisco Catalyst C9500-24Y4C



Cisco MS425-16



Brocade VDX 6940-144S



Dell EMC Networking Z9100-ON



Force¹⁰ S60-44T

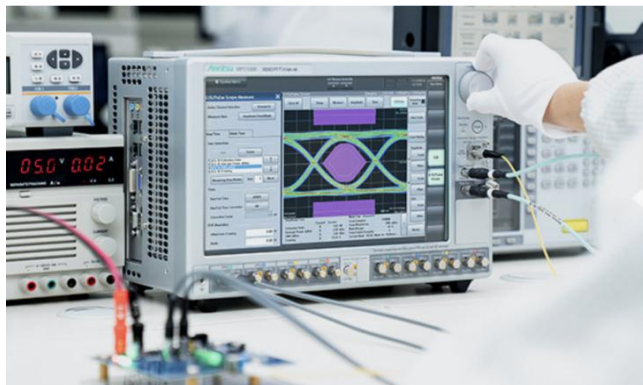


HUAWEI S6720-30L-HI-24S

Above is part of our test bed network equipment. For more information, please click the [Test Bed PDF](#). It will be updated in real time as we expand our portfolio.

II. Performance Testing

Each fiber optical transceiver has been fully tested in FS Assured Program equipped with world's most advanced analytical equipment to ensure that our transceivers work perfectly on your device.



1. TX/RX Single Quality Testing

Equipped with the all-in-one tester integrated 4ch BERT & sampling oscilloscope, and variable optical attenuator the input and output signal quality.

- Eye Pattern Measurements: Jitter, Mask Margin, etc
- Average Output Power
- OMA
- Extinction Ratio
- Receiver Sensitivity
- BER Curve

2. Reliability and Stability Testing

Subject the transceivers to dramatic in temperature on the thermal shock chamber to ensure reliability and stability of the transceivers.

- Commercial: 0°C to 70°C
- Extended: -5°C to 85°C
- Industrial: -40°C to 85°C



3. Transfer Rate and Protocol Testing

Test the actual transfer data rate and the transmission ability under different protocols with Networks Master Pro.

- Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- SDH/SONET
- CPRI

4. Optical Spectrum Evaluation

Evaluate various important parameters with the Optical Spectrum Analyzer to meet the industry standards.

- Center Wavelength, Level
- OSNR
- SMSR
- Spectrum Width



Order Information

Part Number	Description
SFP-10GSR-85	10GBASE-SR SFP+ 850nm 300m DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GLRM-31	10G SFP+ 1310nm 2km DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GLR-31	10GBASE-LR SFP+ 1310nm 10km DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GER-55	10GBASE-ER SFP+ 1550nm 40km DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GZR-55	10GBASE-ZR SFP+ 1550nm 80km DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GZRC-55	10G SFP+ 1550nm 100km DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GSR-85	Dual-Rate 1000BASE-SX and 10GBASE-SR SFP+ 850nm 300m DOM Transceiver
SFP-10GLR-31	Dual-Rate 1000BASE-LX and 10GBASE-LR SFP+ 1310nm 10km DOM Transceiver

Note:

10G SFP+ transceiver module is individually tested on corresponding equipment such as Cisco, Arista, Juniper, Dell, Brocade and other brands, and passes the monitoring of FS.COM intelligent quality control system.



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