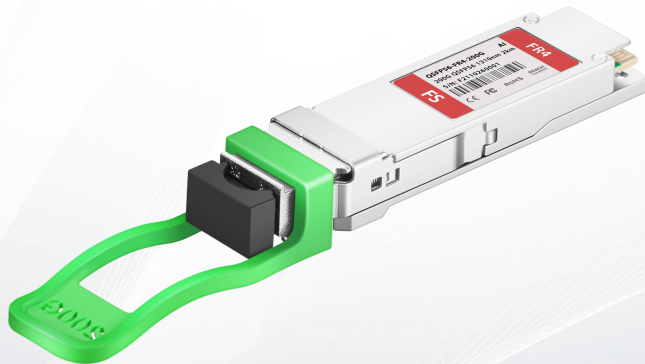


# QSFP56 200GBASE-FR4 1310nm 2km Transceiver

QSFP56-FR4-200G



## Application

- 200GBASE-FR4 Ethernet
- Switch & Router Connections
- Data Centers
- Other 200G Interconnect Requirements

## Features

- Up to 50Gbps data rate per channel by PAM4 modulation
- 4 duplex channels transmitters and receivers
- Integrated CWDM LD and PD array
- LC/UPC connecting interface compliant
- Single +3.3V power supply
- DDM function implemented
- Hot-pluggable QSFP56 form factor
- Maximum link length of 2km via SMF fiber
- Low power dissipation:<6.5W
- International class 1 laser safety certified
- Operating temperature range: 0°C ~ +70 °C
- Compliant with ROHS 10

## Description

The 200G QSFP56 FR4 Transceiver is designed to transmit and receive optical data links 50 Gb/s bit rate per channel with PAM4 modulation format via up to 2km single mode fiber. It is hot pluggable transceiver with QSFP56 package. The module comprises high performance LD PIN DSP etc.

## Product Specifications

### I. Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Notes
<b>Transmitter (per Lane)</b>						
<b>Signaling Speed per Lane</b>		GBd		26.5625		
<b>Modulation format</b>				PAM4		
<b>Center wavelength</b>	WL	nm	1264.5	1271	1277.5	
			1284.5	1271	1297.5	
			1304.5	1311	1317.5	
			1324.5	1331	1337.5	
<b>Side-mode suppression ratio</b>	SMSR	dB	30			
<b>Average Launch Power per Lane</b>	TXPx	dBm	-4.2		4.7	
<b>Tx OMA per lane</b>	TxOMAdBm		-1.2		4.5	
<b>Optical Extinction Ratio</b>	ER	dB	3.5			
<b>Transmitter and dispersion eye closure for PAM4 per Lane</b>	TDECQ	dB			3.3	
<b>Optical return loss tolerance</b>	ORL	dB			16.5	
<b>Relative Intensity Noise</b>	RIN	dB/Hz			-132	
<b>Receiver(per Lane)</b>						
<b>Signaling Speed per Lane</b>		GBd		26.5625		
<b>Center wavelength</b>	WL	nm	1264.5	1271	1277.5	
			1284.5	1271	1297.5	
			1304.5	1311	1317.5	
			1324.5	1331	1337.5	
<b>Damage Threshold</b>	DT	dBm	5.7			
<b>Average receive Power per Lane</b>	RXPx	dBm	-8.2		4.7	
<b>Receiver reflectance</b>	Rfl	dB			-26	
<b>Difference in receive power between any two lanes</b>		dB			4.1	
<b>Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter)</b>		dBm			-6	
<b>Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMAouter)</b>		dBm			-3.6	

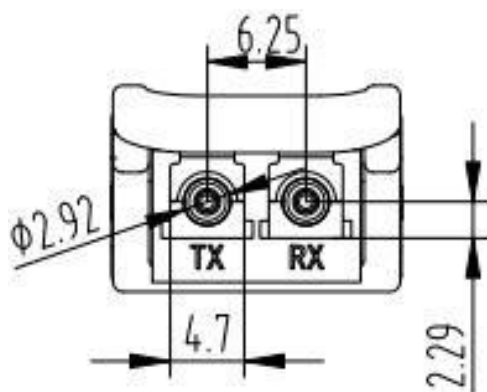
## II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Max
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>s</sub>	°C	-40	+85
Relative Humidity	RH	%	5	85
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	V	-0.5	+4.0

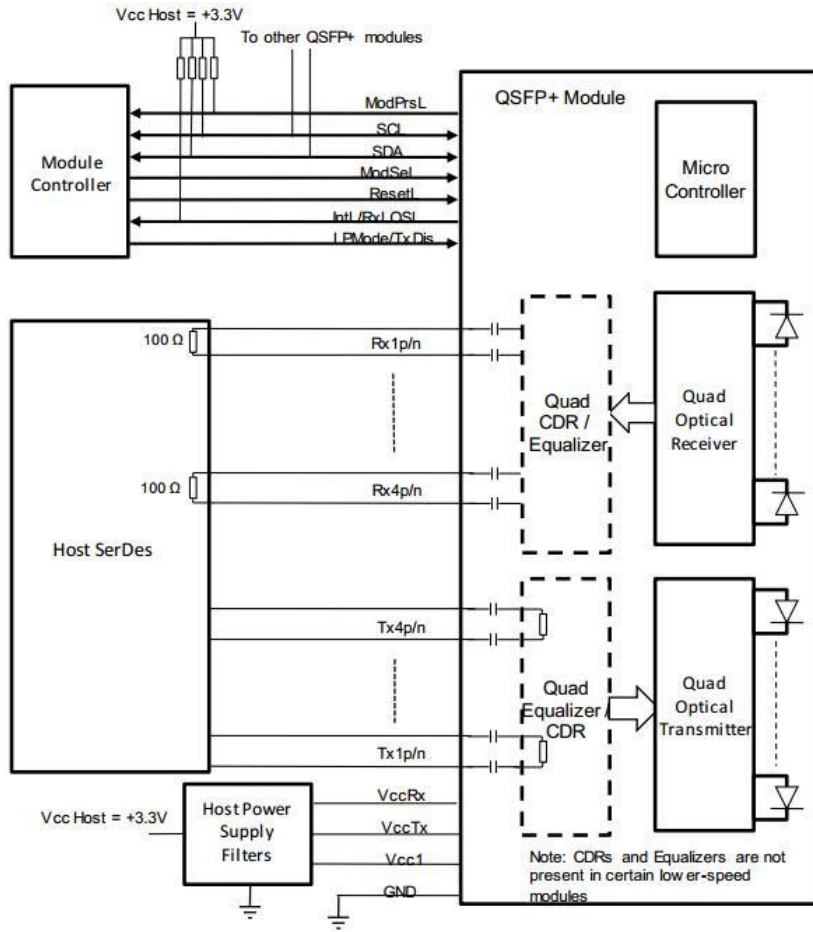
## III. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max
Operating Case Temperature Range	T <sub>c</sub>	°C	0	/	70
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	V	3.135	3.3	3.465
Baud Rate(Per channel)	BR	GBd		26.5625	

## IV. Optical Interface



### V. Principle diagram



### VI. Electric Ports Definition

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Notes
<b>Supply Voltage</b>	VCC VCC3.3-Tx VCC3.3-Rx	V	3.135	3.3	3.465	
<b>Power Consumption</b>	Pc	W			6.5	
<b>Transceiver Power-on Initialize Time</b>		ms			2000	
<b>Transmitter</b>						
<b>Differential peak-to-peak input voltage tolerance</b>		mV	900			
<b>Differential termination mismatch</b>		%			10	
<b>Differential input return loss(SDD11)</b>		dB				See CEI-56G-VSR

<b>Common-mode to differential conversion and differential to common-mode conversion(SCD11,SDC11)</b>		dB			See CEI-56G-VSR	
<b>Receiver</b>						
<b>Differential peak-to-peak output voltage</b>	.	mV			900	
<b>DC Common Mode Voltage</b>	Vcm	mV	-0.35		2.85	
<b>AC Common Mode Noise, RMS</b>		mV			17.5	
<b>Differential termination mismatch</b>		%			10	
<b>Differential output return loss(SDD22)</b>		dB			See CEI-56G-VSR	
<b>Common-mode to differential conversion and differential to common-mode conversion(SCD22,SDC22)</b>		dB			See CEI-56G-VSR	
<b>IIC communication</b>						
<b>IIC Clock frequency</b>	-	KHZ	/	400	1000	
<b>clock stretching</b>	-	us	/	/	500	
<b>Data hold time</b>	-	ns	/	/	/	

## VII. Pin Definitions

PIN	Logic	Symbol	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
<b>1</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>2</b>	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
<b>3</b>	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Dataoutput	
<b>4</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>5</b>	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	

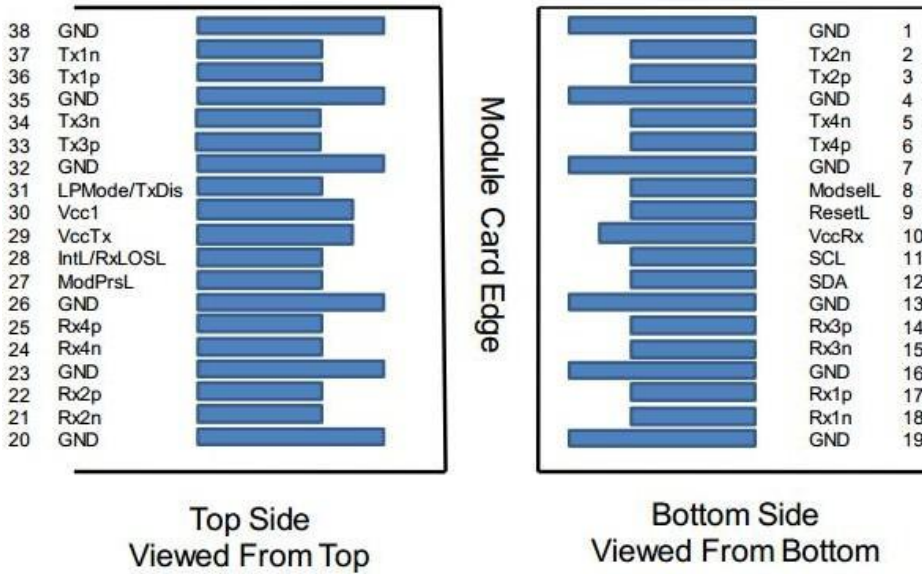
<b>6</b>	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Dataoutput	
<b>7</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>8</b>	LVTTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	
<b>9</b>	LVTTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	
<b>10</b>		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
<b>11</b>	LVCOMS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
<b>12</b>	LVCOMS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
<b>13</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>14</b>	CML-0	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted DataOutput	
<b>15</b>	CML-0	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
<b>16</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>17</b>	CML-0	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted DataOutput	
<b>18</b>	CML-0	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
<b>19</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>20</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>21</b>	CML-0	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
<b>22</b>	CML-0	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted DataOutput	
<b>23</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>24</b>	CML-0	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
<b>25</b>	CML-0	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted DataOutput	
<b>26</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>27</b>	LVTTTL-0	ModPrsL	Module Present	
<b>28</b>	LVTTTL-0	IntL/RxLOSL	Interrupt. Optionally configurable as RxLOSL via the management interface (SFF-8636)	
<b>29</b>		VccTx	+3.3 V Power Supply transmitter	2
<b>30</b>		Vcc1	+3.3 V Power Supply	2
<b>31</b>	LVTTTL-I	LPMode/TxDis	Low Power Mode. Optionally configurable as TxDis via the management interface(SFF-8636).	
<b>32</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>33</b>	CML-I	Tx3p	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
<b>34</b>	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Non-Inverted Dataoutput	
<b>35</b>		GND	Ground	1
<b>36</b>	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
<b>37</b>	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Non-Inverted Dataoutput	
<b>38</b>		GND	Ground	1

**Notes:**

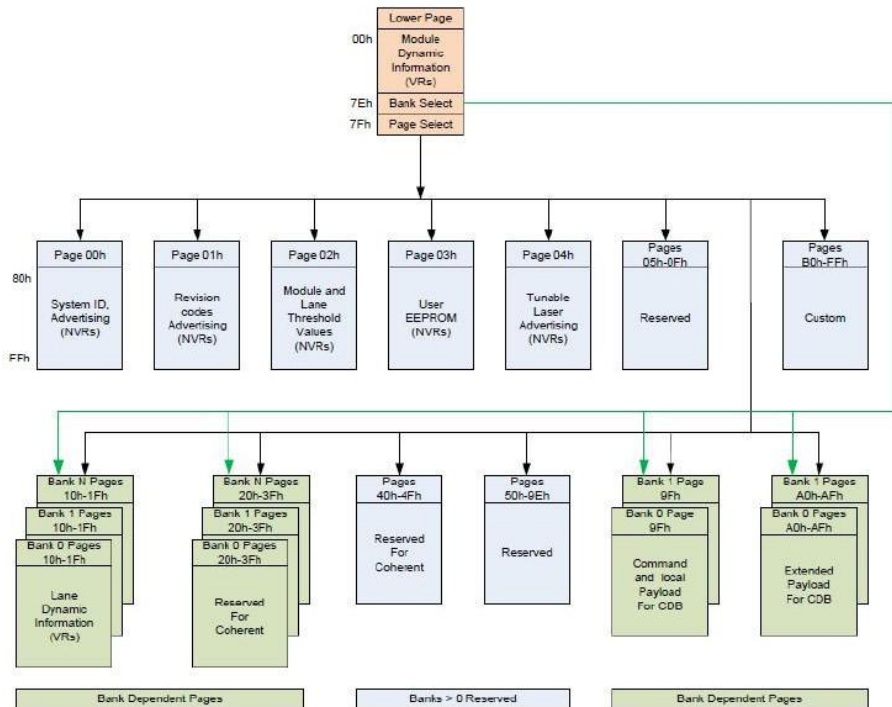
1.GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the QSFP56 module. All are common within the module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.

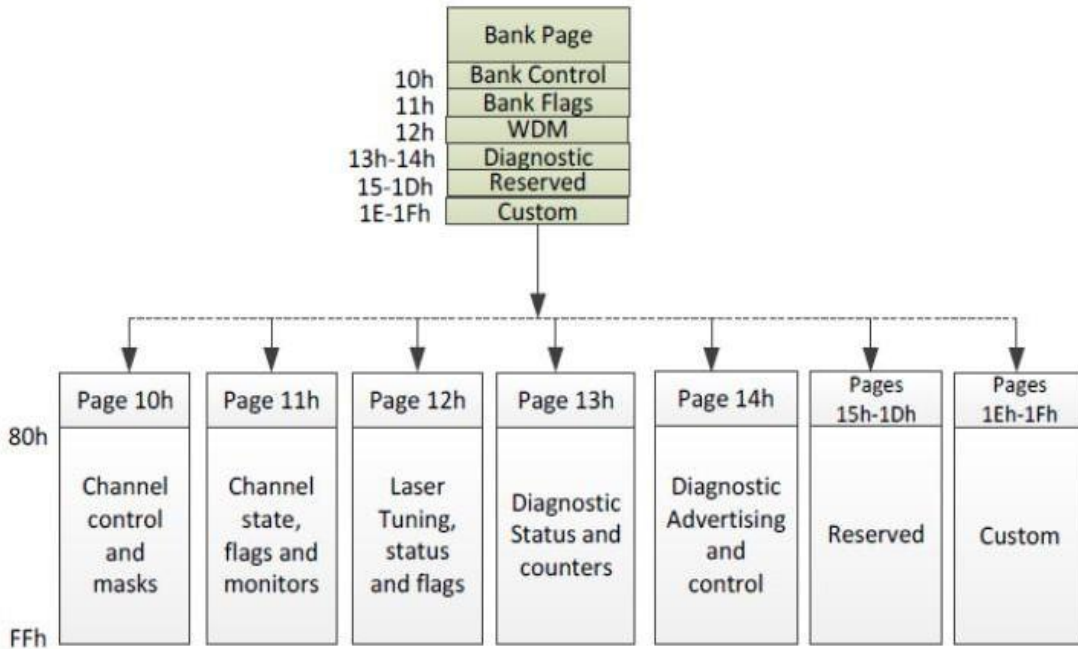
2.VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiving and transmission power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown in Figure 3 below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the module in any combination.

**Electrical Pin-out Details**



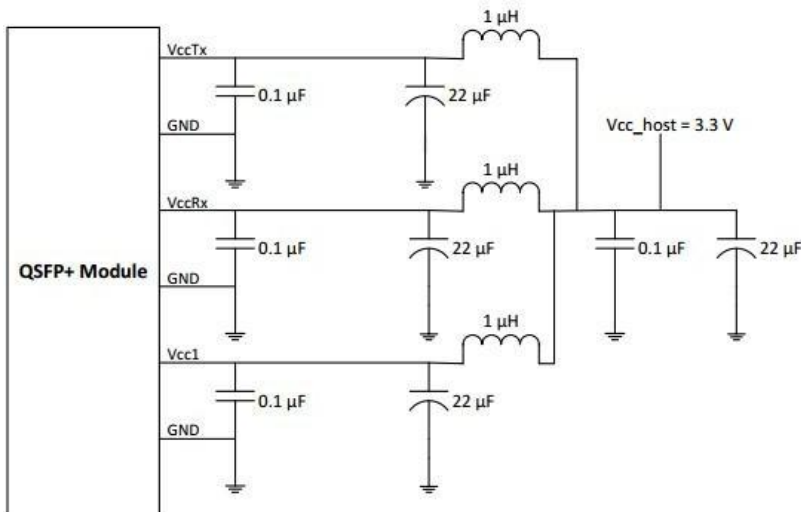
**VIII. Module Memory Map**





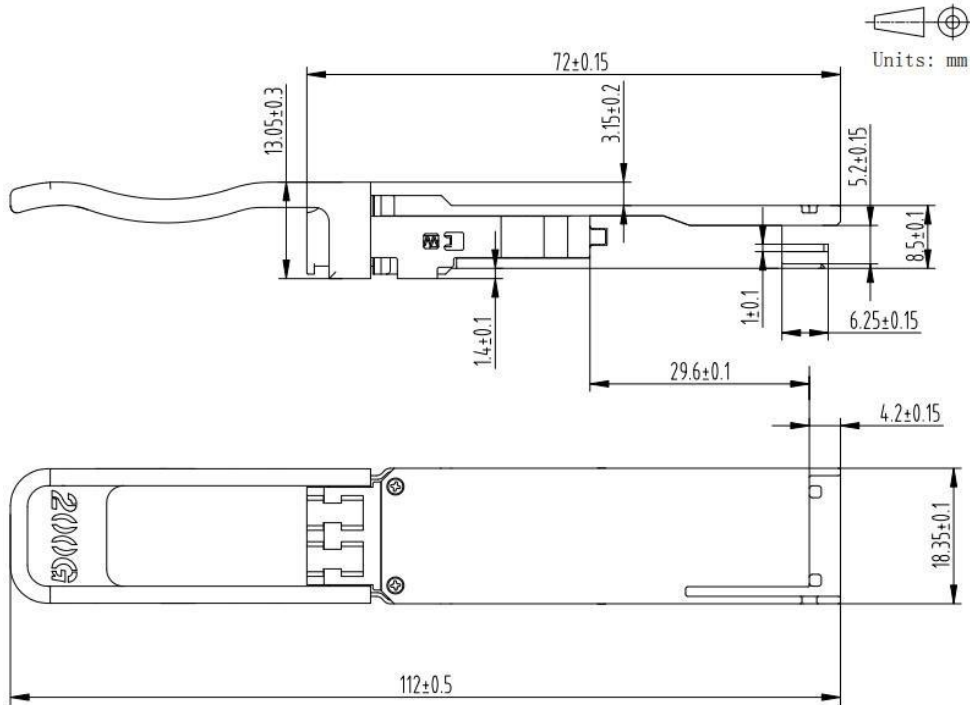
### IX. Host Board Power Supply Filtering

Any voltage drop across a filter network on the host is counted against the host DC set point accuracy specification. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 0.1 Ω should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the host edge card connector. It is recommended that the 22 μF capacitors each have an equivalent series resistance of 0.22 Ω. The specification of the host power supply filtering network is beyond the scope of this specification, particularly because of the wide range of QSFP56 module Power Classes. Figure is the suggested transceiver/host interface.





## X. Mechanical Specifications



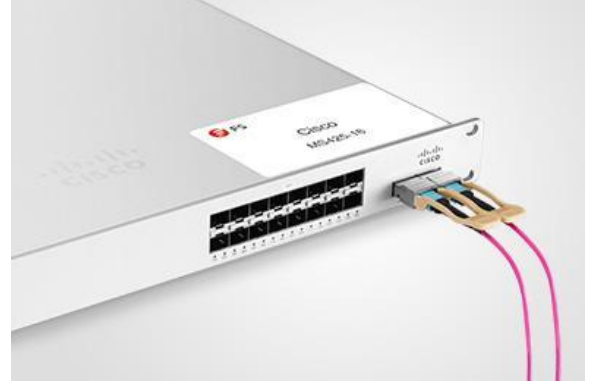
## Test Center

### I. Compatibility Testing

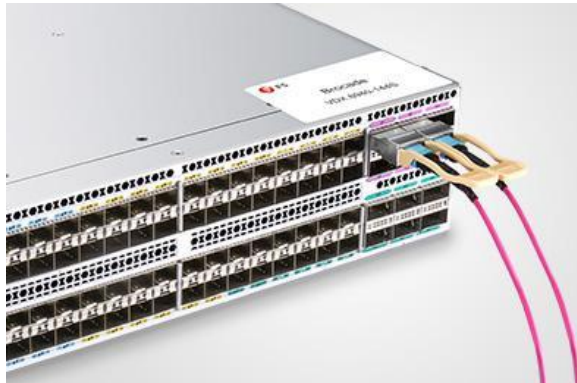
Each fiber optical transceiver has been tested in host device on site in FS Assured Program to ensure full compatibility with over 200 vendors.



Cisco Catalyst C9500-24Y4C



Cisco MS425-16



Brocade VDX 6940-144S



Dell EMC Networking Z9100-ON



Force@tm S60-44T

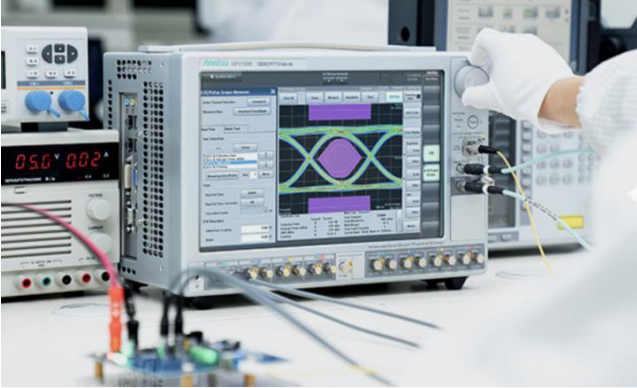


HUAWEI S6720-30L-HI-24S

Above is part of our test bed network equipment. For more information, please click the Test Bed PDF. It will be updated in real time as we expand our portfolio.

## II. Performance Testing

Each fiber optical transceiver has been fully tested in FS Assured Program equipped with world's most advanced analytical equipment to ensure that our transceivers work perfectly on your device.



### 1. TX/RX Signal Quality Testing

Equipped with the all-in-one tester integrated 4ch BERT & sampling oscilloscope, and variable optical attenuator to ensure the input and output signal quality.

- Eye Pattern Measurements: jitter, Mask Margin, etc
- Average Output Power
- OMA
- Extinction Ratio
- Receiver Sensitivity
- BER Curve

### 2. Reliability and Stability Testing

Subject the transceivers to dramatic changes in temperature on the thermal shock chamber to ensure reliability and stability of the transceivers.

- Commercial: 0 °C to 70 °C
- Extended: -5 °C to 85 °C
- Industrial: -40 °C to 85 °C



### 3. Transfer Rate and Protocol Testing

Test the actual transfer data rate and the transmission ability under different protocols with Network Master Pro.

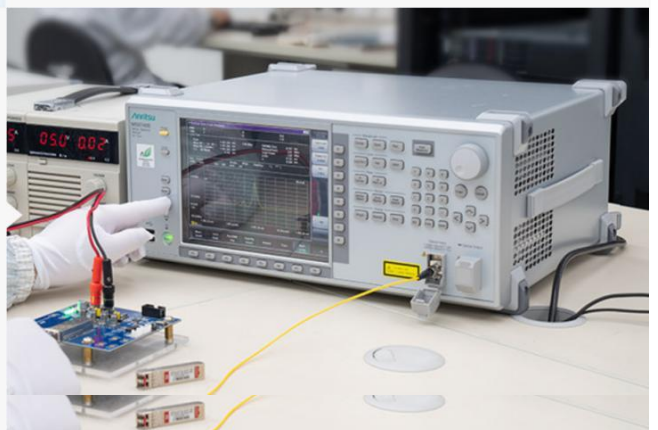
- Ethernet
- Fibre Channel
- SDH/SONET
- CPRI



### 4. Optical Spectrum Evaluation

Evaluate various important parameters with the Optical Spectrum Analyzer to meet the industry standards.

- Center Wavelength, Level
- OSNR
- SMSR
- Spectrum Width



## Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
QSFP56-SR4-200G	200G QSFP56 850nm 100m DOM Transceiver
QSFP56-FR4-200G	200G QSFP56 1310nm 2km DOM Transceiver



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